**Emerging Europe and the Byzantine Empire**

**Transforming the Roman Empire**

* Characterize the new European Civilization formed by the Germanic peoples, the legacy of the Romans and the Church
* Discuss how Charlemagne expanded the Frankish kingdom and created the Carolingian Empire
* Describe the role of the Church in the lives of Medieval Europeans

1. Who controlled Europe after the fall of the Roman Empire?
2. What happened in Europe between 500 and 1000?
3. What were the German tribes like?
4. How were kings chosen?
5. Who was loyal to the king and why?
6. What was the most important social bond and why?
7. What is wergild?
8. Why was it developed?
9. What were the fines based on?
10. How was guilt determined?
11. Who was the head of the Catholic Church?
12. What was the center of life in most Medieval European communities?
13. What was a tithe for?
14. What did the priest do for the local community?
15. Who was the first strong Pope?
16. What area did he control politically?
17. What did he start?
18. What political power did Pope have?
19. What could they do to people if they broke laws?
20. What was the purpose of the monk’s life?
21. Who wrote the rules for how monks should live?
22. How did they live?
23. What was the role of monasteries?
24. What provided opportunities to women during the Middle Ages?
25. What were females in monasteries called?
26. Where was the center of Jewish culture in Europe during the Middle Ages?
27. How were Jews treated in other communities?
28. What were two reasons Jews left Western Europe during the Middle Ages?
29. What happened to the Franks after Clovis conquered Gaul?
30. Why is Charles Martel remembered?
31. Why was the Battle of Tours important?
32. Who was Charlemagne?
33. What effect did he have on Europe?
34. Who did he use as local rulers?
35. Who were the missi dominici?
36. What happened to Charlemagne in 800?
37. Why was this important?
38. How did Charlemagne promote learning?
39. How did he preserve knowledge?

**Feudalism**

* Account for the decline in Europe after the death of Charlemagne
* Summarize how the collapse of central authority led to the political system of feudalism

1. What happened across Europe after the death of Charlemagne?
2. Where were the Vikings from?
3. During the upheaval across Europe after the death of Charlemagne, who did people turn to for protection?
4. What is feudalism?
5. What did vassals do for their lords?
6. What were they given in return?
7. What was wealth based upon in medieval society?
8. What was the land given a vassal called?
9. What did it include?
10. How many days per year did a vassal have to give a lord of military service?
11. What was the economic system of the Middle Ages called?
12. What was a manor?
13. What was a serf?
14. What were they obligated to do for the lord of the manor?
15. How did they support themselves?
16. How did they pay the lord for their land?
17. What was the main concern for nobility during the middle ages?
18. What was chivalry?

**Growth of European Kingdoms**

* Describe how European monarchs began to extend their [power and build strong states
* Identify the distinct Slavic groups in Eastern Europe
* Trace the development of the unique civilization created by the Byzantine Emppire

England

Which king united England?

What happened in England in 1066?

Who became king?

What was the Domesday Book?

What were the accomplishments of Henry II in England?

What led to the rebellion against King John in the 11th century?

What was the Magna Charta?

What happened under Edward I in England/

Who was in the House of Commons?

Who were the members of the House of Lords?

What did Parliament do?

France

Who held most of the power in Medieval France?

Who was the first strong monarch in France?

How did he make France stronger?

What did Louis IX do to increase the power of France?

What was the cause of trouble between French kings and the pope?

What was the result of this?

What was this called?

What was the French parliament called?

What were the three French estates?

Germany

Who was Otto I?

What happened in Germany after Fredrick I tried to defeat the pope?

How did this effect the development of Germany?

Slavic Peoples

Who were the Western Slavs?

How were they different than the Eastern Slavs?

What made the Eastern Slavs different?

Where did the Eastern Slavic peoples settle and what culture did they blend with?

Byzantine Empire

What was the most important city in the Byzantine Empire?

Who reestablished the Eastern Roman (Byzantine) Empire in the 6th century?

What was important about Justinian’s Code?

What were the 4 major problems that faced the Byzantine Empire?

Why was Constantinople important?

Why did the Byzantine Empire turn to Europe for military aid in 1071?

What caused the split between the Roman Catholic Church and the Eastern Orthodox Church?